



# WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TRAVEL AND MEDICAL SELF-ISOLATION?

1

## Do Mandatory Self-Isolation Laws (MSIL) apply?

Has the person been to an "area of risk" in the last 14 days?

NO

YES

**MSIL DOES NOT APPLY TO THIS PERSON.** They can't be required to isolate under MSIL.

**MSIL APPLIES TO THIS PERSON.** They can be required to isolate under this law.

2

## Is there a medical need for self-isolation under the Public Health Law?

If you're not sure, check with the Public Health Nurse (Infoline 1-866-855-2811) or local COVID-19 lead at the clinic

- Has the person tested positive for COVID-19? Are they still considered infectious?
- Has the person been in contact with someone diagnosed with COVID-19 in the last 14 days?
- Has the person been tested for COVID-19 because they had symptoms, and is still waiting for their test result? Are they waiting for Public Health to advise them if they can end self-isolation?
- Was the person specifically advised by Public Health to self-isolate temporarily for another reason?

NO

YES

**THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW DOES NOT APPLY TO THIS PERSON.** They can't be required to isolate under this law.

**THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW APPLIES TO THIS PERSON.** They can be required to medically self-isolate under this law, until Public Health determines they no longer pose a risk to the community.

3

## Is this a situation that is worrying because there may still be a risk, and the MSIL and Public Health Law don't apply?

- For example: People who didn't travel themselves, but had contact with someone who travelled to an area of risk in the last 14 days, and who didn't properly self-isolate.
- People who were in contact with someone else who was in contact with a person who tested positive for COVID-19.

NO

YES

**NO FURTHER ACTION NEEDED**

**CALL THE PUBLIC HEALTH DOCTOR ON CALL (514-702-2940)** to discuss the situation. They may recommend isolation, but if they do, it's voluntary, not mandatory.

